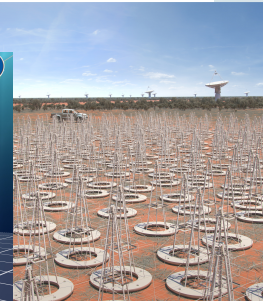
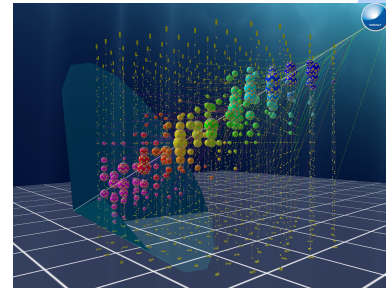
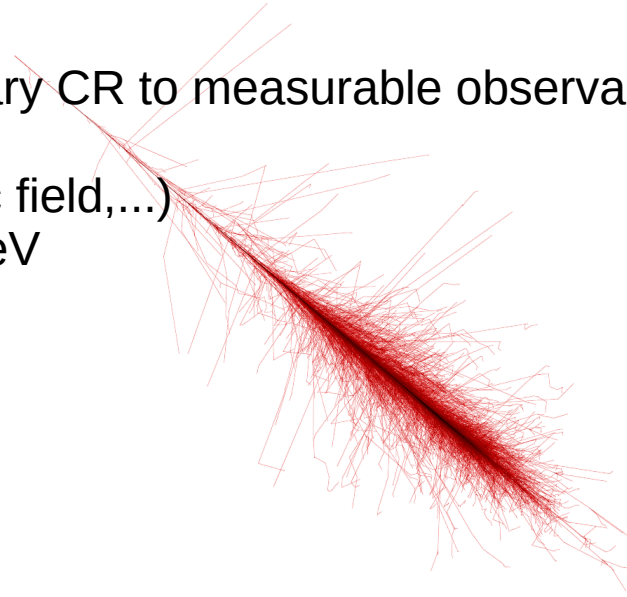
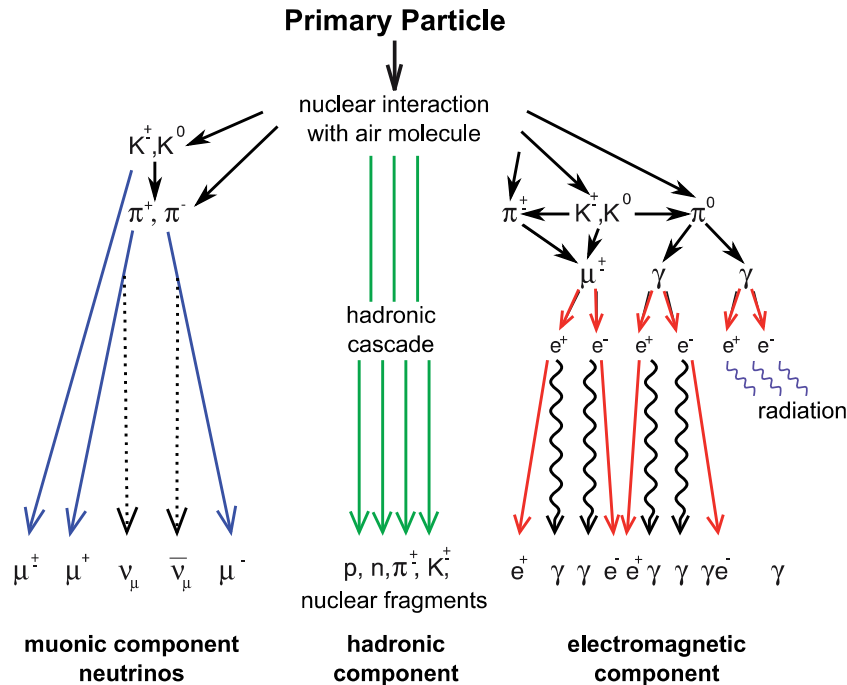


# New developments in CORSIKA 8 and EAS genealogy

Maximilian Reininghaus

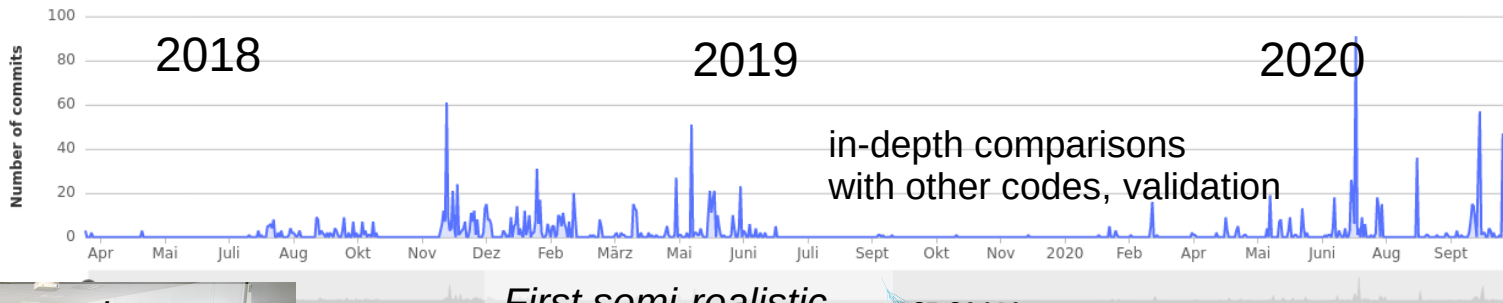
# EAS simulations

- key tool in astroparticle physics
- provide quantitative mapping from primary CR to measurable observables
- rely on accurate modeling of
  - environment (air density, geomagnetic field,...)
  - particle physics from  $\sim 100$  TeV to  $\sim$  MeV



# CORSIKA 8

- overcome limitations of existing codes
- combined efforts of specialists as international collaboration



Towards A Next Generation of CORSIKA: A Framework for the Simulation of Particle Cascades in Astroparticle Physics

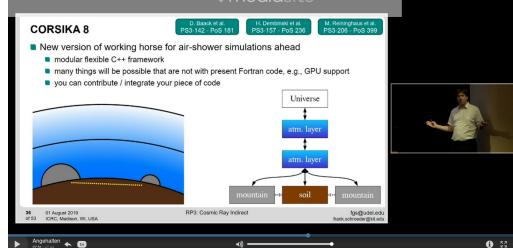
Ralph Engel<sup>1,2</sup> · Dieter Heck<sup>1</sup> · Tim Huege<sup>1,2</sup> · Tanguy Pierog<sup>1</sup> · Maximilian Reineighaus<sup>1</sup> · Felix Rieber<sup>1</sup> · Ralf Ulrich<sup>1</sup> · Michael Unger<sup>1</sup> · Darko Vobert<sup>1</sup>

Received: 27 August 2018 / Accepted: 15 October 2018 / Published online: 18 December 2018  
© Springer Nature Switzerland AG 2018

First semi-realistic  
showers with muons

ICRC2019

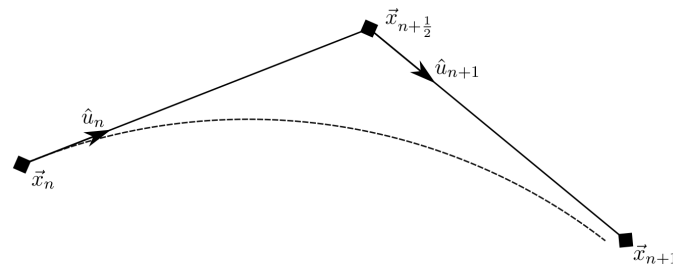
Madison, WI, USA



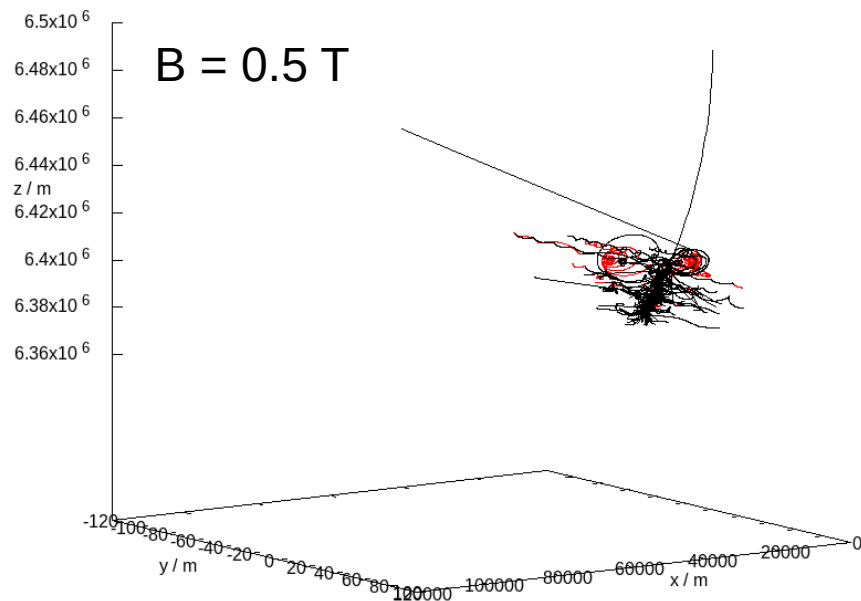
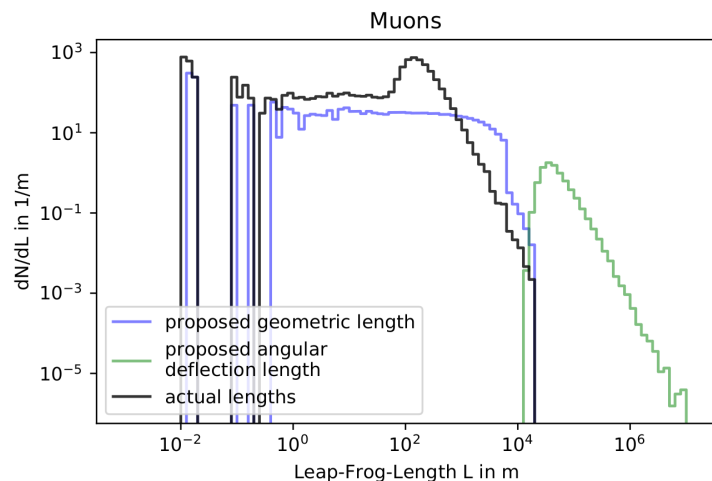
- CONEX e.m. CE
- PROPOSAL for e.m.
- **magnetic fields**
- **full shower history**

# Magnetic fields

- B.Sc. thesis project of André Schmidt
- leapfrog algorithm inspired by AIRES



- step-length limitation to avoid large curvature per step
- almost no impact on actual step-length (*under certain simulation conditions*)

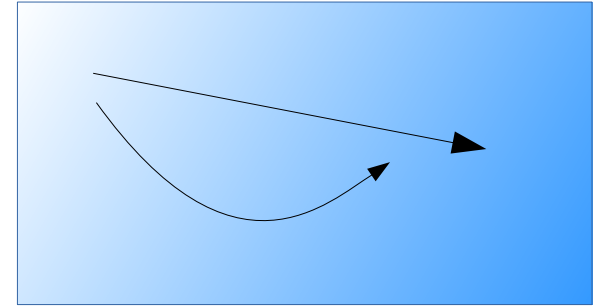


# Interlude: new sampling algorithm

## grammage integration

$$X(l) = \int_0^l \rho(x) dx$$

- already impossible analytically for curved atmosphere
- what if path is curved?



## distribution of interaction points

$$p(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda} \exp(-X/\lambda) \text{ only if } \lambda = \text{const.}$$

in general: *survival function* fulfills

$$\frac{dP_{\text{int}}}{dt} = -\alpha(t)P_{\text{int}}(t)$$

how can we sample from  $p(t) = -\frac{dP_{\text{int}}}{dt}$  ?

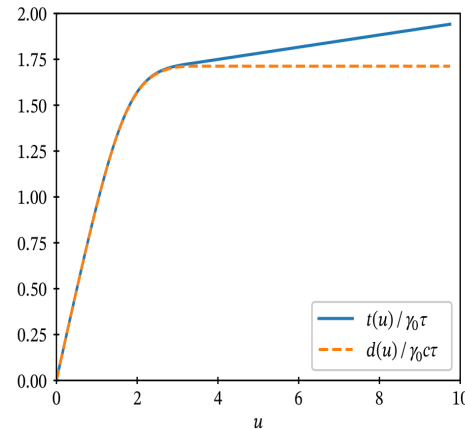
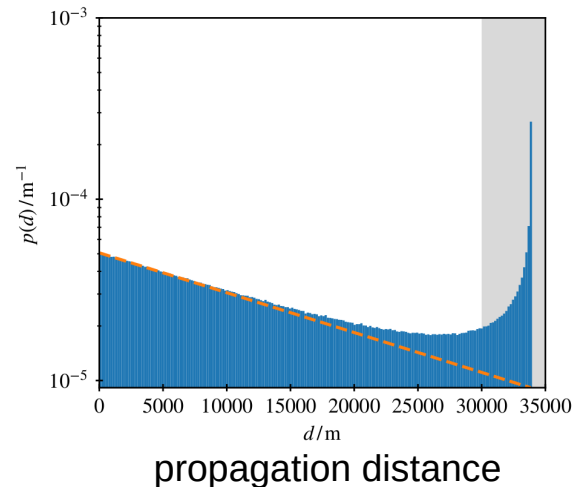
# Interlude: new sampling algorithm

use direct sampling with  $u \sim \text{uniform}$ :

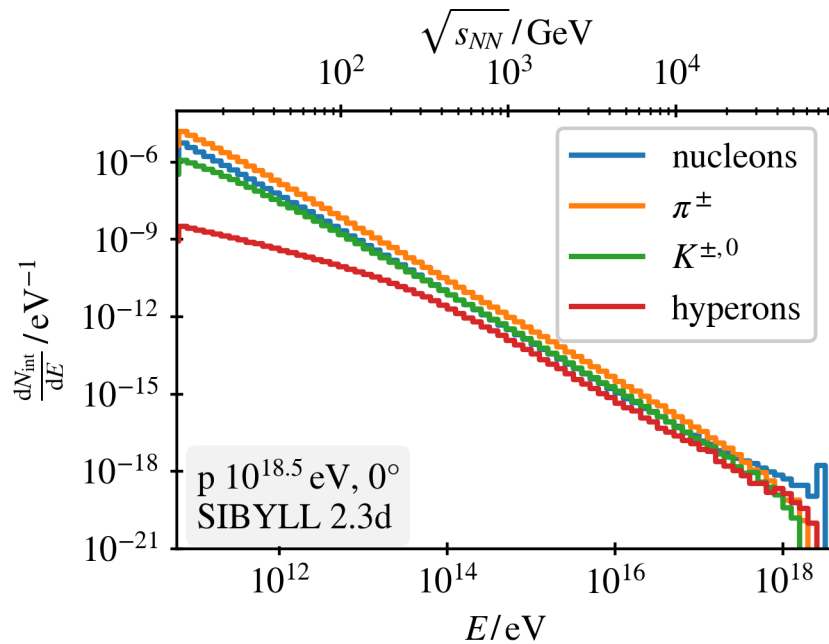
$$\frac{dt}{du} = \frac{1}{\alpha(t(u))P(t(u))} = \frac{1}{\alpha(t(u))(1-u)}$$

solve this ODE numerically together with equations of motions  
(Lorentz force, energy losses,...) with  $u$  as *independent variable*  
→ no  $X$  integration necessary

example:  
minimum-ionizing muons  
in exp. atmosphere

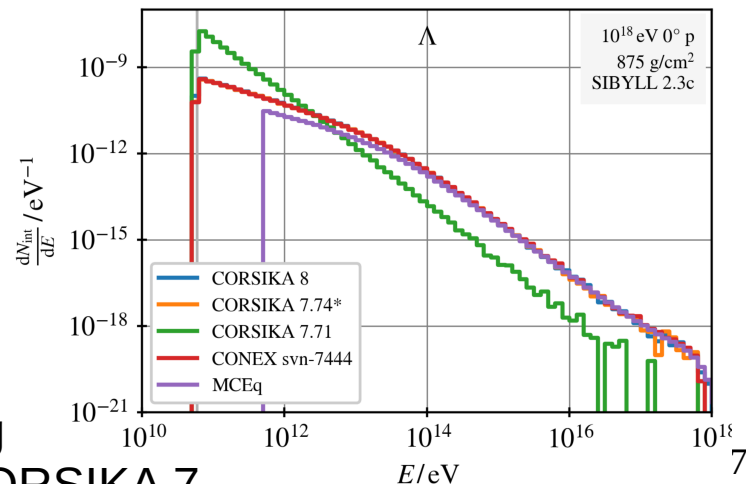


# Counting interactions

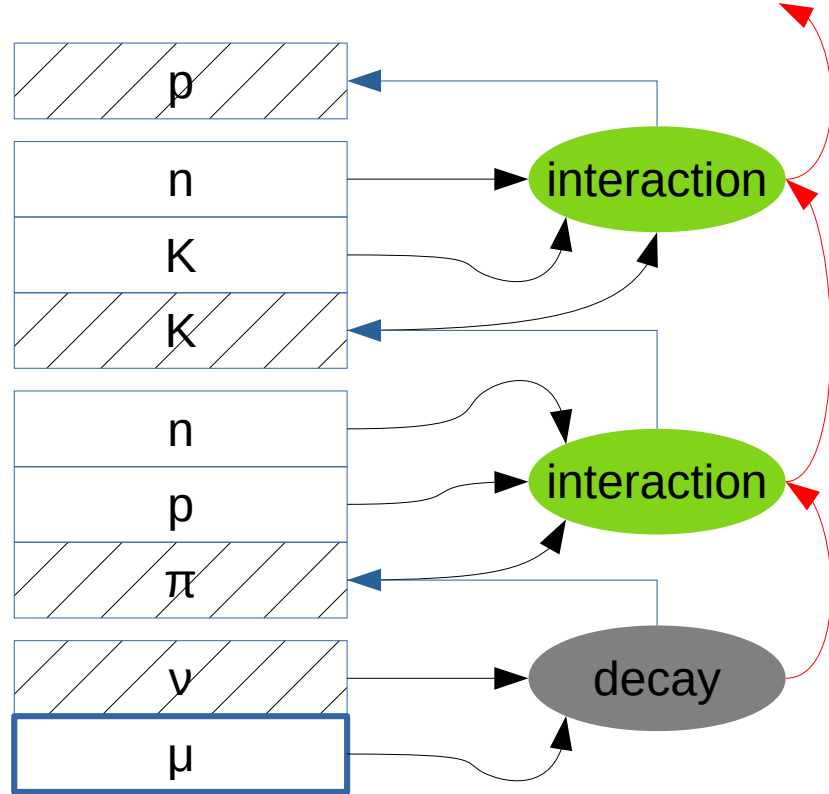
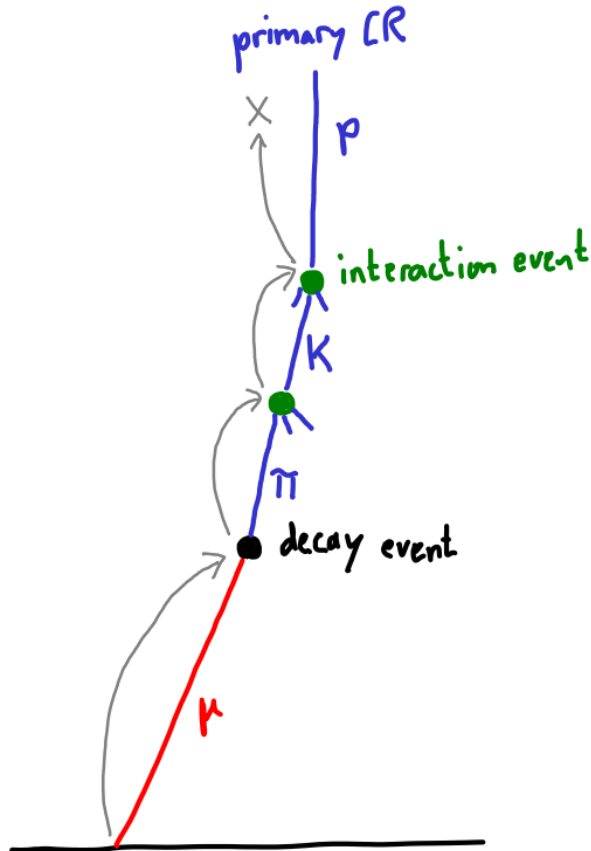


- very close to primary energy dominated by nucleons (→ leading baryon effect)
- pions take over at  $\sim E_0 / 10$
- power law with index  $\alpha \approx -2$

also useful for cross-validation with other codes, revealed bug regarding hyperon decay in CORSIKA 7

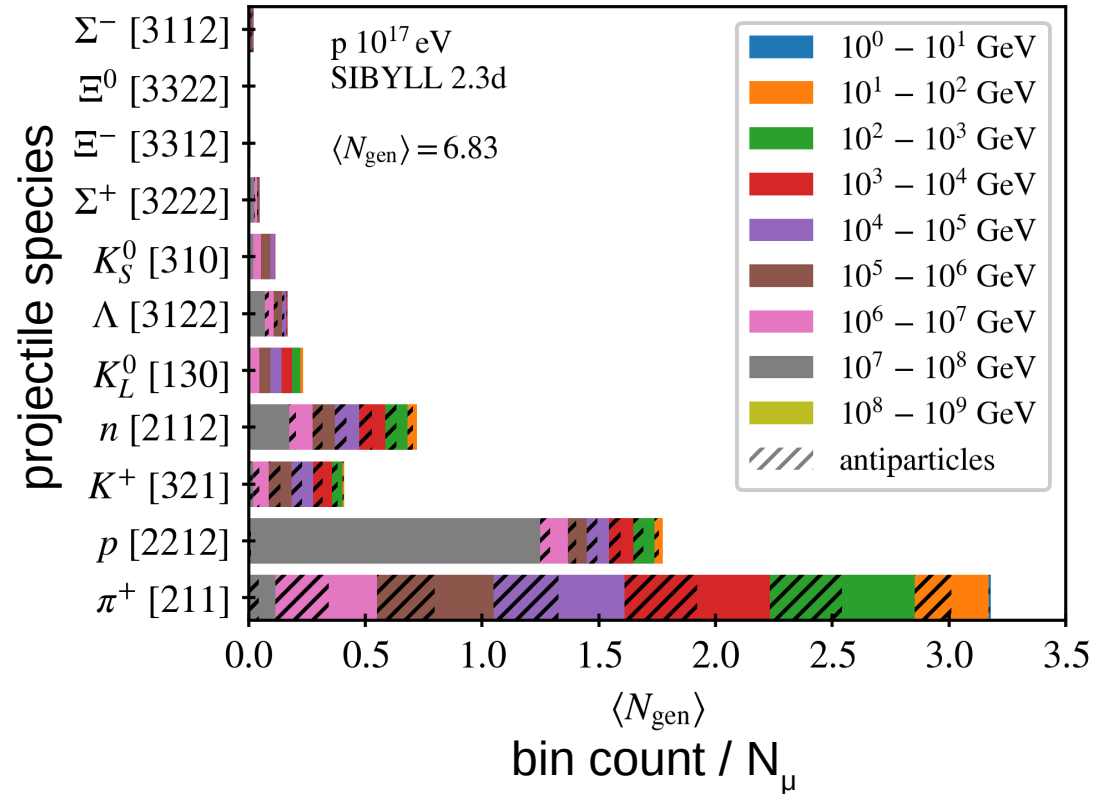
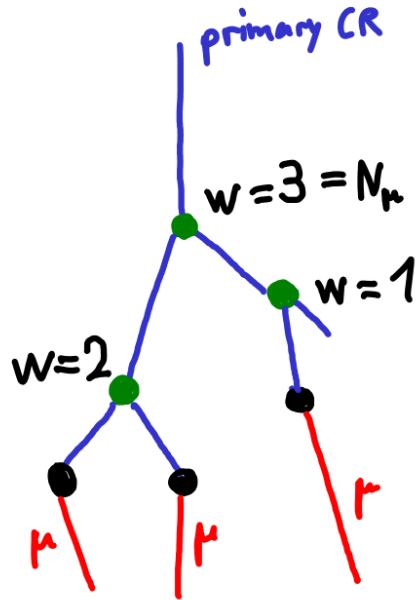


# Preserving the shower history

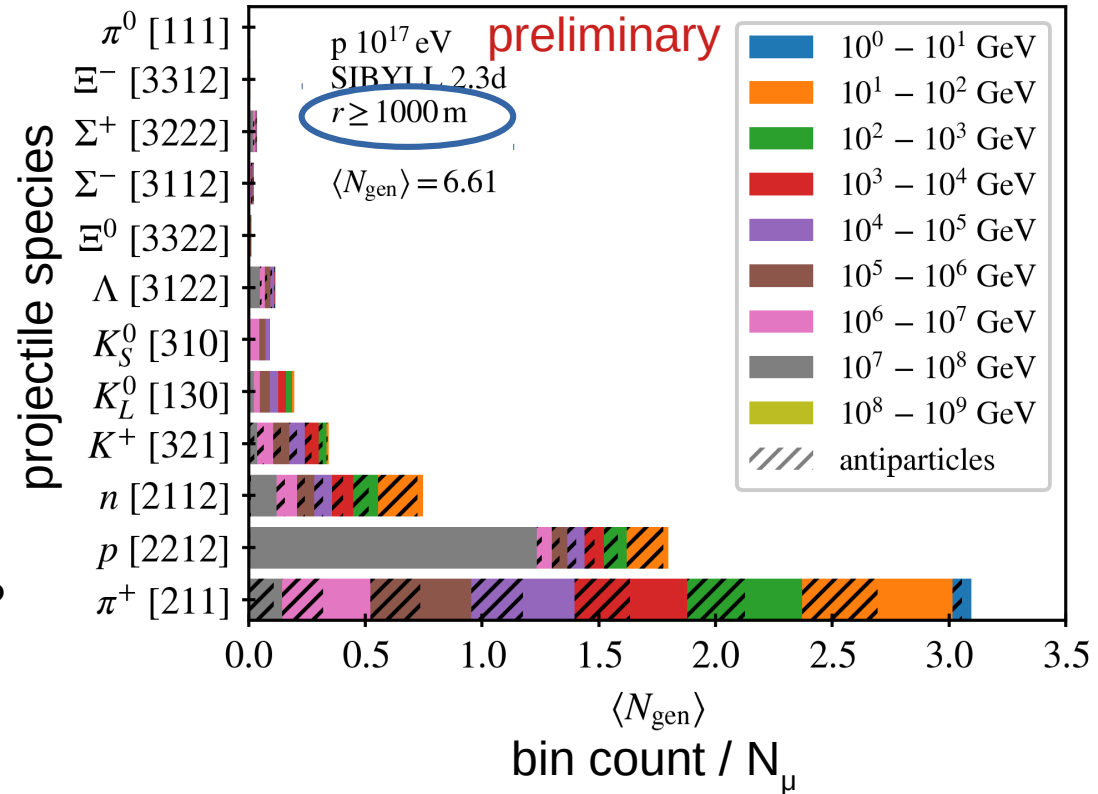


- Last in – first out
- keep “dead” particles in the middle of the stack
- delete “dead” particles at the end of the stack
- store *event* as well, including copy of secondaries at *production state*

# Muon interaction history



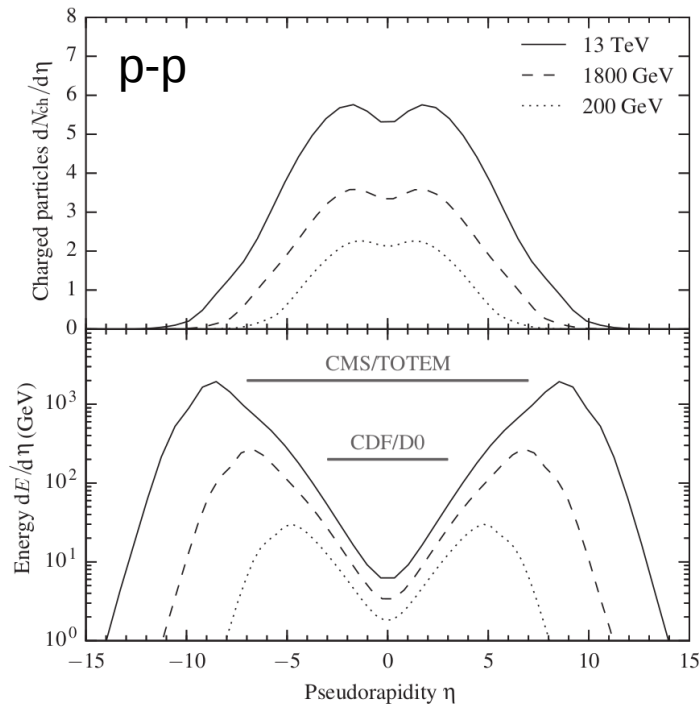
# Muon interaction history



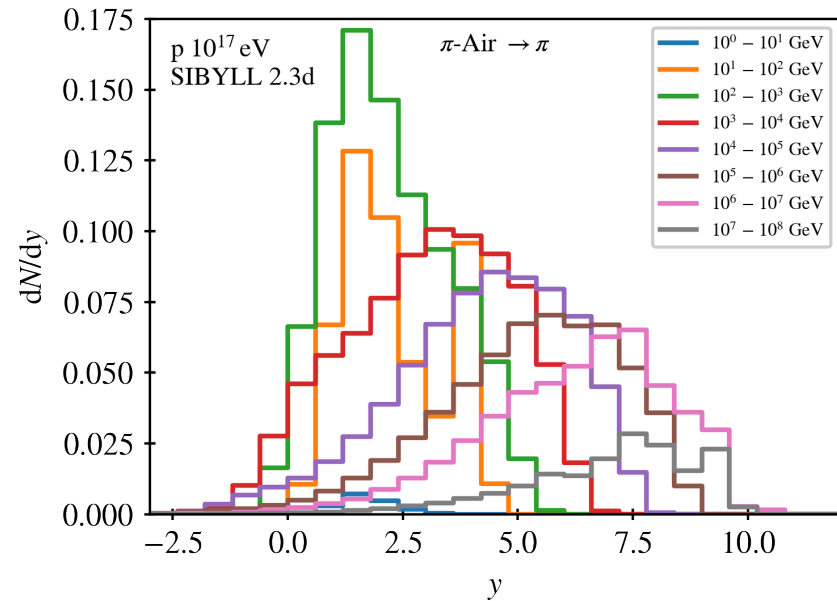
- shift to lower energies for pions
- overabundance of antinucleons?

# Rapidity

Which phase space is relevant for muon production?



*Gaisser, Engel, Resconi 2016*



$$y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{E + p_{\parallel}}{E - p_{\parallel}}$$

# Summary

- CORSIKA 8 is gaining momentum
- cross-validation of hadronic cascade lead to improvements/bugfixes in several codes
- magnetic fields, e.m. interactions almost complete
- insight into full shower history for the first time
- *ongoing work*: studies of muon production phase space